



University of Tennessee, Knoxville
**Trace: Tennessee Research and Creative
Exchange**

Tennessee Department of State, Opinions from the
Administrative Procedures Division

Law

10-25-2006

TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF SAFETY vs.
1994 CHEVROLET CAVALIER VIN #
1G1JC1440R7242881, SEIZED FROM:
JONATHAN JONES, SEIZURE DATE:
MARCH 28, 2006 CLAIMANT: ABIGAIL
ARROWOOD LIENHOLDER: N/A

Follow this and additional works at: http://trace.tennessee.edu/utk_lawopinions

 Part of the [Administrative Law Commons](#)

This Initial Order by the Administrative Judges of the Administrative Procedures Division, Tennessee Department of State, is a public document made available by the College of Law Library, and the Tennessee Department of State, Administrative Procedures Division. For more information about this public document, please contact administrative.procedures@tn.gov

**BEFORE THE COMMISSIONER OF THE
TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF SAFETY**

In the matter of:)	
)	
TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF SAFETY,)	Docket No. 19.05-093784J
)	
)	Department of Safety
)	Case No. F1193
)	
v.)	
)	
1994 CHEVROLET CAVALIER)	
VIN # 1G1JC1440R7242881)	
SEIZED FROM: JONATHAN JONES)	
SEIZURE DATE: MARCH 28, 2006)	
CLAIMANT: ABIGAIL ARWOOD)	
LIENHOLDER: N/A)	

**INITIAL ORDER GRANTING STATE’S MOTION FOR DEFAULT
AND
FORFEITURE OF VEHICLE**

NOTICE OF DEFAULT

This matter came on to be heard on October 25, 2006, before Joyce Grimes Safley, Administrative Judge, assigned by the Secretary of State, and sitting for the Commissioner of the Tennessee Department of Safety in Knoxville, Tennessee. Ms. Lori Long, attorney for the Department of Safety, represented the Department of Safety or the State. Claimant was not present, nor was anyone present on her behalf.

The subject of this hearing was the proposed forfeiture of the above referenced vehicle seized for its alleged use in violation of T.C.A §55-50-504 (Driving on a Revoked License).

FINDINGS OF FACT

1. The State showed that it had served notice of the hearing upon the Claimant at both addresses furnished by the Claimant (122 Leach Drive, Johnson City Tennessee and 2130 Rocky Fork Rd, Flag Pond, Tennessee. The return mail receipt showing that the notice of hearing was mailed to the Claimant at both addresses was made Exhibit 1 (collective) at the hearing.

2. It is determined that the State complied with applicable laws and regulations regarding notice to claimants.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

1. The Administrative Procedures Act, T.C.A. §4-5-309, sets forth the procedure for default hearings:

(a) If a party fails to attend or participate in a pre-hearing conference, hearing or other stage of a contested case, the administrative judge or hearing officer, hearing the case alone,... may hold the party in default and either adjourn the proceedings or conduct them without the participation of that party, having due regard for the interest of justice and the orderly and prompt conduct of the proceedings.

2. T.C.A. §4-3-2008 states:

The Commissioner of Safety has the authority to establish and promulgate such rules and regulations governing the administration and operation of the department as may be deemed necessary by the commissioner and which are not inconsistent with the laws of this state.

3. Rule 1340-2-2-.15 of *The Rules of Tennessee Department of Safety* states that the department has the burden of proof as to the

illegal use of the seized property pursuant to the Act and as to any motions or other pleadings advanced by the department.

4. Rule 1340-2-2-.17 of *The Rules of Tennessee Department of Safety* sets forth the Department of Safety's procedure for default and uncontested proceedings as follows:

Default and Uncontested Proceedings.

(1) Default. The motion for default may be in writing or oral.

(a) The failure of a party to attend or to participate in a prehearing conference, a party's non-attendance at a second setting of a hearing on the merits in a case or a party's non-attendance at another stage of contested case proceedings after notice thereof are each causes for holding such party in default pursuant to T.C.A. §4-5-309.

(c) In any situation set out in parts (a) and (b) in of this rule, a motion may be made to hold the absent party in default and to enter an initial default order or to continue on an uncontested basis.

(e) Upon default by a party, an administrative judge may enter either an initial default order or an order for an uncontested proceeding.

5. Rule 1340-2-2-.17(2)(b) of *The Rules of Tennessee Department of Safety*, states: "Upon a default by a claimant, a claimant's claim *shall* be stricken by initial default order or, if the agency requests, the agency may proceed uncontested."

Accordingly, pursuant to the Commissioner's ruling regarding the proper procedure for default proceedings, as set forth in the forfeiture case *In re: Taliaferro*, Docket No. 19.05-049400J (April 12, 2004), the Claimant's claim is **STRICKEN**, the State's motion for **DEFAULT** is **GRANTED**, and the above captioned vehicle is ordered **FORFEITED** to the seizing agency.

It is so ordered.

This Order entered and effective this 2nd day of November, 2006.

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Charles C. Sullivan, II". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, stylized initial "C".

Charles C. Sullivan, II, Director
Administrative Procedures Division