How To Conduct A City Council Meeting Based on Roberts' Rules of Order

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How To Conduct A City Council Meeting

Based on Roberts' Rules of Order

Order of Business

1. Mayor: The council will come to order. (The mayor determines if there is a quorum present. The recorder enters in the minutes the names of those present.)

2. The recorder will read the minutes of the last meeting. The minutes are read. Are there any corrections to the minutes? Corrections are suggested without a motion or vote. If there are no (further) corrections, the minutes stand approved as read (as corrected).

3. The next order of business is the presentation of petitions, memorials, and remonstrances. Usually the recorder has such matters ready to present. If there is a delegation of citizens, the mayor should invite the group to present any matters it wishes to the council.

4. We will have the report of the ... officers (such as a financial report by the recorder), standing committees, and special committees. A motion is made to adopt the financial report. If the committee report contains a recommendation, the reporting member (usually the chairman of the committee) moves that the recommendation be adopted. Otherwise, the report is filed without action.

5. Is there any unfinished business (second and third reading of ordinances)? Action is completed on any business not settled when last meeting was adjourned (see Handling Main Motions).

6. After the unfinished business ... Is there any new business (ordinances on first reading, regulations, resolutions)?

7. After all the business is completed ... Are there any announcements?

8. If there is nothing further, the meeting will stand adjourned. If no business is presented ... The meeting is adjourned. If the council wishes to adjourn the meeting before all business is completed, the meeting must be adjourned by motion.

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Handling the Motions

1. Councilmember addresses the chair. Mr./Madam Mayor.
2. Mayor recognizes speaker: Councilmember
3. Councilmember: I move the adoption of this ordinance on first reading.
4. Another councilmember: I second the motion.
5. Mayor: The motion has been made by __________ and seconded that _______. Is there any discussion? Discussion must be addressed to the mayor. Motion may be changed.

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### Rules for Handling Motions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Types of Motions</th>
<th>Order of Handling</th>
<th>Must Be Seconded</th>
<th>Can Be Discussed</th>
<th>Can Be Amended</th>
<th>Vote Required</th>
<th>Vote Can Be Reconsidered</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Main Motions</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To present a proposal to assembly</td>
<td>Cannot be made if any other motion is pending</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To postpone indefinitely action on a motion</td>
<td>Has precedence over above motion</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>Affirmative vote only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To amend (improve) a main motion</td>
<td>Has precedence over above motions</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes *</td>
<td>Yes, but only once</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To refer a motion to committee (for special consideration)</td>
<td>Has precedence over above motions</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To postpone definitely (to a certain time) action on a motion</td>
<td>Has precedence over above motions</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To limit the discussion to a certain time</td>
<td>Has precedence over above motions</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2/3</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To call for a vote (to end discussion at once and vote)</td>
<td>Has precedence over above motions</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>2/3</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To table a motion (to lay it aside until later)</td>
<td>Has precedence over above motions</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Subsidiary Motions</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To suspend a rule temporarily (e.g., to change the order of business)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>2/3</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To withdraw or modify a motion (to prevent a vote or inclusion in minutes)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>Negative vote only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To rise to a point of order (to enforce rules or program)</td>
<td></td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No vote, chairperson rules</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To appeal from the decision of the mayor (must be made immediately)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes *</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Privileged Motions</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To call for orders of the day (to keep the meeting to the program or the order of business)</td>
<td>Has precedence over above motions</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No vote required *</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Questions of privilege (to bring up an urgent matter such as noise, discomfort, etc.)</td>
<td>Has precedence over above motions</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To take recess</td>
<td>Has precedence over above motions</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes **</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To adjourn</td>
<td>Has precedence over above motions</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To set next meeting time</td>
<td>Has precedence over above motions</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes **</td>
<td>As to time &amp; place</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Unclassified Motions</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To make a motion from the table (to bring up a tabled motion for consideration)</td>
<td>Cannot be made if any other motion is pending</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To reconsider (to bring up discussion and obtain a vote on a previously decided motion)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes *</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To rescind (repeat a decision on a motion)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes *</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Majority or 2/3</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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1. If there is a tie vote of council, the mayor votes to break the tie. (This is the usual procedure. Some charters permit the mayor to vote on all questions; some on no questions.) If the mayor isn't permitted to vote, or if permitted to vote in all cases and his/her vote results in a tie, the motion is lost. A majority vote is sufficient unless, by charter, certain items require more than a majority.
2. The mover may request to withdraw or modify his/her motion without the consent of anyone before the motion has been put to council for consideration. When the motion is before council and there is no objection from a member, the mayor announces that the motion is withdrawn or modified. If anyone objects, the request is put to a vote.
3. A member may interrupt the speaker who has the floor to rise to a point of order or appeal, to call for orders of the day, or to raise a question of privilege.
4. Orders of the day may be changed by a motion to suspend the rules (see Incidental Motions). A motion to reconsider must be made during the meeting when it was decided, or on the next succeeding day if the meeting is carried over.
5. It is impossible to rescind any action taken as the result of a motion, but the unexecuted part may be rescinded. Notice must be given one meeting before the vote is taken. If voted on immediately, a two-thirds vote to rescind is necessary.
6. * Yes, when motion is debatable.
7. ** Yes, if no motion is pending.
Handling Motions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Must Be Seconded</th>
<th>Can Be Discussed</th>
<th>Can Be Amended</th>
<th>Vote Required</th>
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<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Majority</td>
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<td>Yes</td>
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<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2/3</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>2/3</td>
<td>No</td>
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<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>No</td>
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<td>No</td>
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<td>No</td>
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<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes **</td>
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<td>Majority</td>
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<td>No</td>
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<td>Yes **</td>
<td>As to time &amp; place</td>
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<td>Yes</td>
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<td>No</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>No</td>
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<td>No</td>
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<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes *</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Majority or 2/3</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

by amendment. If the council does not wish to take final action on the motion, it may dispose of the motion in some other way.1

6. Does any person in the audience wish to be heard on this subject? (Interested persons come forward.)

7. When the discussion ends ... If there is no more discussion (silence is consent), all in favor, please say "aye." All opposed, "no." With dissenting votes, the mayor requests roll call. The recorder calls roll and records the vote.

8. The "aye" (or "no") here. The motion is carried (or is defeated). If a question is introduced that consists of two or more independent propositions, a member may move that the question be divided into more than one proposition. Thus, one or more of the propositions may be adopted, others rejected.

Amendments to Change Motions

1. After a main motion is made and seconded, a councilmember may say: I move to amend the ordinance by ... and striking out, inserting, or substituting a word, phrase, sentence, or paragraph.

2. Another member: I second the motion to amend.

3. Mayor: It has been proposed to amend Ordinance ___ to read as follows ... The mayor states the main motion and amendment so it is understood how the amendment changes the motion. The amendment is handled in the same way as a main motion, with ...

4. Discussion: Is there any discussion?

5. Question: If there is no further discussion, the amendment is ...

6. Vote: All in favor of the amendment ... The mayor announces the outcome: The amendment is carried (or defeated). The motion now before the house is ... (the motion plus the amendment, if carried).

Keeping Council Minutes

Record what is done, not what is said. Keep your notes together in a special notebook.

Organize your notes into clear, concise statements and record them in a permanent minute book to be read at the next meeting. Record each motion as a separate paragraph.

The minutes should be read and approved by the council at the next regular or adjourned meeting.

Ordinances should be kept in an ordinance book and resolutions in a resolution book. Both ordinances and resolutions should be numbered consecutively. If separate books are kept for ordinances and resolutions, the minutes need show only a caption and space left for the number assigned when passed on final reading. Minutes should show book and page number where the ordinance/resolution is recorded.

The Recorder's Job

1. The recorder keeps an accurate record of each meeting, including in the minutes:
   • the kind of meeting (regular, special, or adjourned).
   • the date, hour, and place of meeting.
   • the name and title of officer presiding and presence of quorum.
   • approval of the previous minutes.
   • a record of reports.
   • a record of each main motion (unless it is withdrawn) with the name of the person who made the motion.
   • a record of points of order and appeals.
   • a record of all the other motions (unless withdrawn).
   • a record of roll calls.
   • the time of adjournment.
   • signatures of the recorder and mayor.

2. The recorder records the presence and absence of councilmembers.

3. The recorder keeps a copy of the charter, with amendments properly entered.

4. The recorder keeps a record of all committees.
Handling the Motions

1. Councilmember addresses the chair, Mr./Madam Mayor.
2. Mayor recognizes speaker: Councilmember _____.
3. Councilmember: I move the adoption of this ordinance on first reading.
4. Another councilmember: I second the motion.
5. Mayor: The motion has been made by _______ and seconded by _______. Has there any discussion? Discussion must be addressed to the mayor. Motion may be changed.

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Types of Motions

Main Motion
- Present a proposal to the assembly
  - Cannot be made if pending

Subsidiary Motions
- Postpone indefinitely on a motion
  - Has precedence on the pending
- Amend (improve) a main motion
  - Has precedence on the pending
- Reconsider a motion to committee (for special consideration)
  - Has precedence on the pending
- Postpone definitely (to a certain time) action on a motion
  - Has precedence on the pending
- Limit the discussion to a certain time
  - Has precedence on the pending
- Call for a vote (to end discussion at once and vote)
  - Has precedence on the pending
- To table a motion (to lay it aside until later)
  - Has precedence on the pending

Incidental Motions
- To suspend a rule temporarily (e.g., to change the order of business)
  - Has precedence on the pending
- To withdraw or modify a motion (to prevent a vote or inclusion in minutes)^1
  - Has precedence on the pending
- To rise to a point of order (to enforce rules of the program)
  - Has precedence on the pending
- To appeal from the decision of the mayor (must be made immediately)
  - Has precedence on the pending

Privileged Motions
- To call for orders of the day (to keep the meeting to the program or the order of business)^2
  - Has precedence on the pending
- Questions of privilege (to bring up an urgent matter such as noise, discomfort, etc.)
  - Has precedence on the pending
- To take recess
  - Has precedence on the pending
- To adjourn
  - Has precedence on the pending
- To set next meeting time
  - Has precedence on the pending

Unclassified Motions
- To make a motion from the table (to bring up a tabled motion for consideration)^3
  - Has precedence on the pending
- To reconvene (to bring up discussion and obtain a vote on a previously decided motion)^4
  - Has precedence on the pending
- To rescind (repeal a decision on a motion)^5
  - Cannot be made if pending

---

1. If there is a tie vote of council, the mayor votes to break the tie. (This is the usual procedure. Some charters permit the mayor to vote on all questions; some on no questions.) If the mayor isn't permitted to vote, or if permitted to vote in all cases and his/her vote results in a tie, the motion is lost. A majority vote is insufficient unless, by charter, certain items require more than a majority. The mayor clearly states each motion before it is discussed, and before it is voted upon. The mayor does not enter into discussion, except by charter, certain items require more than a majority.
2. The motion may request to withdraw or modify his/her motion without the consent of anyone before the motion has been put to council for consideration. When the motion is before council and if there is no objection from a member, the mayor announces that the motion is withdrawn or modified. If any objections, the request is put to a vote. A member may interrupt the speaker who has the floor to rise to a point of order or appeal, to call for orders of the day, or to raise a question of privilege.

Orders of the day may be changed by a motion to suspend the rules (see Subsidiary Motions).

A motion can be taken from the table during the meeting when it was tabled or the next meeting.

A motion to reconsider may be made only by those who voted on the prevailing side. A motion to reconsider must be made during the meeting when it decided, or on the next succeeding day if the meeting is carried over.

It is impossible to rescind any action taken as the result of a motion, but the unexecuted part may be rescinded. Notice must be given one meeting before the vote is taken. If voted on immediately, a two-thirds vote to rescind is necessary.

* Yes, when motion is debatable.
** Yes, if no motion is pending.

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Final Form of Minutes of Council Meeting

The final council minutes:
- should be typewritten or legibly written in permanent ink.
- should have a wide margin for corrections.
- should not be defaced. Corrections should be made by bracketing the erroneous portions and stating corrections in the wide margin.
- should be kept in book form. If in longhand, a bound book should be used; if typewritten, use a looseleaf, lock minute book. If using the latter, number each page.
- should be signed, when approved, by the recorder and mayor.

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5. The recorder provides to the mayor before each meeting a list of pending and potential business.
6. The recorder notifies the councilmembers of meetings, if a special meeting is called.
The Municipal Technical Advisory Service (MTAS) is a statewide agency of The University of Tennessee's Institute for Public Service. MTAS operates in cooperation with the Tennessee Municipal League in providing technical assistance services to officials of Tennessee's incorporated municipalities. Assistance is offered in areas such as accounting, administration, finance, public works, communications, ordinance codification, and wastewater management.

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The University of Tennessee
Municipal Technical Advisory Service
600 Henley Street
Suite 120
Knoxville, Tennessee 37996-4105

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